

# ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES IN EDUCATION

शिक्षा में संसाधनों का आंबटन

Economic and Social bases of Allocation

M.Ed. 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester  
Financial Management

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# MEANING & DEFINITION

- The study and practice of **resources generation, allocation and utilization** and their relationship with education & economy of society is called **Economics of Education**.
- There are 3 types of Resources in education – Physical resources, Human resources and Financial Resources.
- Financial Resources is the main source for development and performance of a school management. They are as Govt. grants (plan, non-plan, grant-in-aid), tuition fee, endowment, donation, gifts, foreign etc.



# NEED & IMPORTANCE FOR ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES

- To improve flexibility for activities & all size of society.
- Boost productivity of school activities.
- To save money.
- To improve time management.
- To improve staff morale.
- Predict the future project plan.
- Manage team work load.
- To maintain quality and equity.
- For strategic planning.
- To eliminate risk of failure.
- For specific goal achievement.

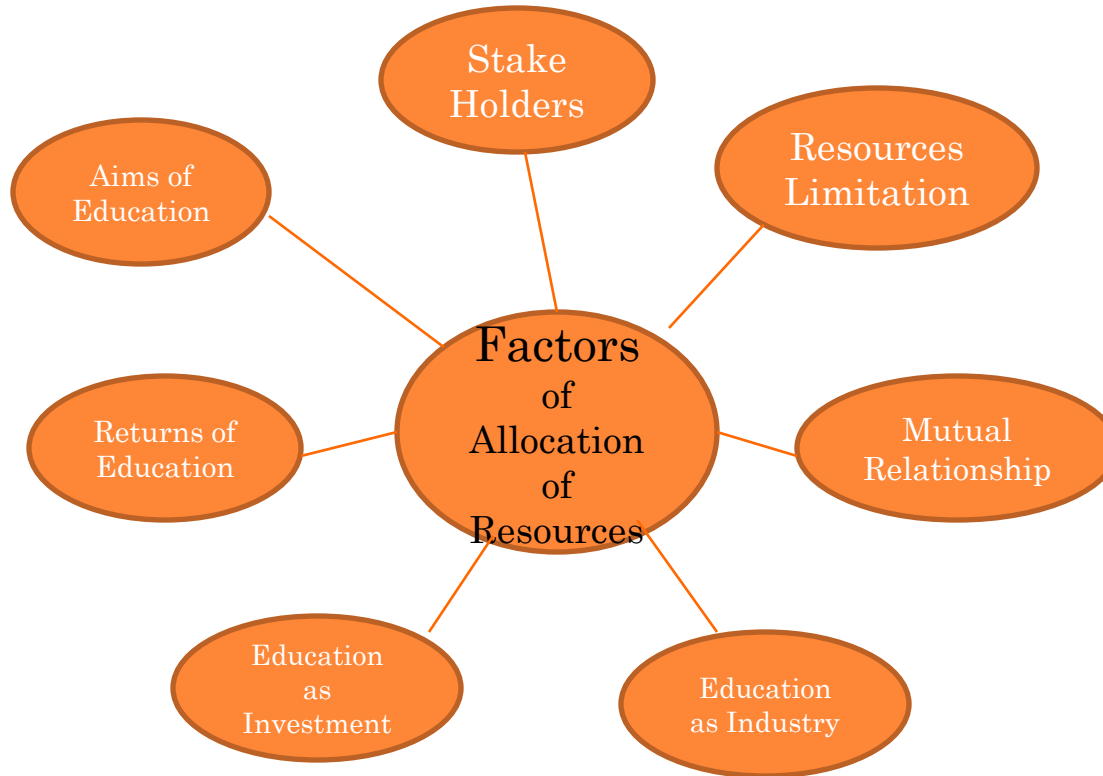


# NORMS FOR FINANCIAL ALLOCATION IN SCHOOL

- Area based – Remote, educationally backward, geographically difficult etc.
- Student(size) based – Student strength.
- Performance based – Achievement/ reward/ punishment etc.
- Policy based – Often Govt. change the policy according to need of society & economical demand



# FACTORS OF ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES



# SOCIAL & ECONOMIC ISSUES IN ALLOCATION OF FINANCE

- **Population Stabilization** – FC द्वारा जनसंख्या के आकार, **Backward remote population** के प्रदर्शन, क्षमता, आवश्यकता के आधार पर **Horizontal Equity** स्थापित करने के लिए **funding** की जाती हैं।
- **Environment** - प्राकृतिक मौसम बदलाव, हरित कवर, जैविक संसाधनों के आधार व आवश्यकता के आधार पर **funding** की जाती हैं।
- **Inequality** – **Inter-state inequality, income difference** को दूर करने **funding** की जाती हैं।
- **Social sector expenditure** - विभिन्न सामाजिक व राष्ट्रीय उद्देश्यों को प्राप्त करने विशिष्ट सामाजिक क्षेत्रों में **funding** की जाती हैं।
- **Vertical imbalance in revenue** - केन्द्र से राज्य को **Funding** संबंधी असंतुलन दूर करने **funding** की जाती हैं।
- **Assessment of need of industry bodies, academics & other stakeholders** - देश की औद्योगिक, रक्षा, शिक्षा व अन्य संबंधी आवश्यकताओं के विश्लेषण के आधार पर **funding** की जाती हैं।



# SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC ISSUES IN ALLOCATION OF FINANCE

- Physical and social infrastructure - Growth & maintenance के लिए funding की जाती हैं।
- Demographic changes - राज्य में पलायन, शिक्षा, रोजगार, स्वास्थ्य इत्यादि परिवर्तनों के आधार पर funding की जाती हैं।
- Disaster management, pollution etc. -
- Policy of Govt.- GST, revenue, महंगाई दर, वैश्विक आर्थिक अवमूल्यन इत्यादि।
- Economic sustainability -



THANK YOU

